

Background (Review)

14.2 Simple Harmonic Motion

$$\sum F_x = ma_x \quad -kx = m \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} \quad \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + \left(\frac{k}{m}\right)x = 0$$

ω^2 ↓

$$\text{solution: } x(t) = A \sin(\omega t + \phi)$$

14.4 Torsion Pendulum

$$\sum \tau = I\alpha \quad -k\theta = I \frac{d^2\theta}{dt^2} \quad \frac{d^2\theta}{dt^2} + \frac{k}{I} \theta = 0$$

$$\text{solution: } \theta(t) = \theta_0 \cos(\omega t + \phi)$$

15.3 Mathematical Description of a Wave

$$y(x,t) = A \cos \left[2\pi \left(\frac{x}{\lambda} - \frac{t}{T} \right) \right] = A \sin(kx - \omega t)$$

Left → Right.

Graphing of a wave function

$$\text{Speed of a wave function} \Rightarrow \frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{\omega}{k} = \underbrace{f\lambda}_{\text{Eq. 15.1}}$$

Wave Equation

$$\text{Eq. 15.12} \quad \frac{\partial^2 y(x,t)}{\partial x^2} = \frac{1}{v^2} \frac{\partial^2 y(x,t)}{\partial t^2} \quad v = \frac{\omega}{k}$$

$$\text{Solution: } y(x,t) = A \cos(kx - \omega t)$$

15.6 Wave Interference, Boundary Conditions, and Superposition

15.7 Standing Waves on a String

15.8 Normal Modes of a String

"fixed" at both ends $\Rightarrow \lambda_n = \frac{2L}{n}$

$$y_n(x,t) = A_{sw} (\sin k_n x) (\sin \omega_n t) \quad \text{Eq. 15.34}$$

Background

1 Maxwell velocity (energy) distribution

18.5

3 Molecular speeds: $f(v) = 4\pi \left(\frac{m}{2\pi kT}\right)^{3/2} v^2 e^{-mv^2/kT^2}$ (18.32)

4 ↖ pdf

5 $v_{mp} = \text{most probable velocity} = \sqrt{\frac{2kT}{m}} \Rightarrow \frac{\partial f}{\partial v} = 0 \quad v_{max} = ?$

7 $v_{Av} = \text{average velocity} = \sqrt{\frac{8kT}{\pi m}} \Rightarrow \bar{v} = \int_0^\infty v f(v) dv = ?$

9 $v_{rms} = \text{root-mean-square} = \sqrt{\frac{3kT}{m}} \Rightarrow \overline{v^2} = \int_0^\infty v^2 f(v) dv =$
 10 $= \sqrt{\overline{v^2}}$

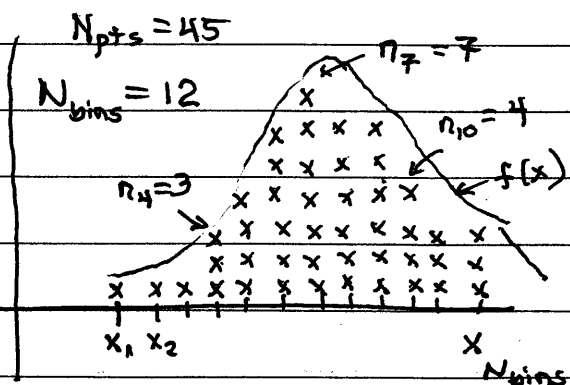
12 Probability Density Function

14 $\bar{x} \equiv \frac{\sum x_i}{N} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N_{pts}} x_i}{N_{pts}}$

17 $\bar{x} \equiv \frac{\sum_{j=1}^{N_{bins}} n_j x_j}{\sum_{j=1}^{N_{bins}} n_j} = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^{N_{bins}} n_j x_j}{N_{pts}}$

20 $\bar{x} \equiv \frac{\int_0^\infty f(x) x dx}{\int_0^\infty f(x) dx}$

where $f(x) dx = \text{probability}$
 if $f(x)$ is normalized



23 $f(v) = \frac{\text{probability}}{\text{velocity}}$

$f(v) dv = \text{probability of finding a molecule with velocity between } v \rightarrow v+dv$

26 $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \underbrace{\psi^* \psi}_{\text{normalized pdf}} dx = 1$

$\bar{x} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x \psi^* \psi dx$

28 $\overline{x^2} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^2 \psi^* \psi dx$