

## Homework Assignment #4

**Due Date: February 21 2017 (Tuesday)**

**Mass**  $\rightarrow MeV/c^2$  not kilograms !!

**Momentum**  $\rightarrow MeV/c$  not kilograms·meters/sec !!

**Energy**  $\rightarrow MeV$  not joules !!

unless otherwise specified.

When you are asked for velocities, always quote your answers in units of “c,” the speed of light.

$$\text{velocity} = \beta c$$

**2.29** For what range of velocities of a particle of mass  $m$  can we use the classical expressions for KE . . . .

**2.32** Use the binomial expansion to show that Eq. 2.34 for the relativistic kinetic energy . . . .

**Problem 5:** Using the relativistic relationship between momentum and kinetic energy to make a plot of  $\frac{p}{m_0 c}$  vs.  $\frac{K}{m_0 c^2}$ . Let the independent variable  $\left(\frac{K}{m_0 c^2}\right)$  span the domain from  $0 \rightarrow 2$ .

a. Draw the plot

b. What values of  $\gamma$  does the domain cover?

**2.33** According to observer  $O$ , a certain particle has momentum of  $817 MeV/c$  and a total relativistic energy of  $1125 MeV$ .

**2.34** An electron is moving at a speed of  $0.81c$ . By how much must its kinetic energy increase to raise its speed to  $0.91c$  ?

**Problem 8:** At what velocity does the classical kinetic energy begin to deviate from the relativistic kinetic energy by 2%?

**Problem 9:** Using the above equation from problem 2 to calculate the outgoing momentum of the two-body decays shown below.

Note: You can look up the masses of these particles at the following URL:

<http://pdg.lbl.gov/2014/download/rpp-2014-booklet.pdf>

For example:

the mass of the muon is  $105.658 \text{ MeV}/c^2$  (page 14)

assume the mass of the neutrino ( $\nu_\mu$ ) is zero.

Mass of the  $\pi^\pm$  is found on page 25.

Mass of the  $\rho^0$  is found on page 27.  $775.26 \text{ MeV}/c^2$

a.  $\rho^0 \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+$

b.  $\pi^- \rightarrow \mu^- \nu_\mu$